Alpine Skiing Rules

Valid through 2027



Special Olympics New Hampshire has created this set of rules based on the rules outlined by Special Olympics International as well as the International Ski Federation (FIS), which is the international governing body for Alpine Skiing, and the International Paralympic Committee (IPC), the international governing body for athletes with physical disabilities competing in Alpine Skiing.

These rules shall be used to govern all Special Olympics New Hampshire Alpine Skiing competition through the end of 2027 when we next review these rules.

Events Offered

Category 1

- 10 M Walk
- 10 M Glide
- 25 M Super Glide

Category 2 with Support (Stand-Up Ski with Tether or Slider)

- Slalom
- Giant Slalom
- Super Giant Slalom (Super G)

Category 2 Sit-Down Ski (choose: Unassisted,

Tethered, or Assisted)

- Slalom
- Giant Slalom
- Super Giant Slalom (Super G)

Category 2

- Slalom
- Giant Slalom
- Super Giant Slalom (Super G)

Category 3 with Support (Stand-Up Ski with Tether or Slider)

- Slalom
- Giant Slalom
- Super Giant Slalom (Super G)

Category 3 Sit-Down Ski (choose: Unassisted, Tethered, or Assisted)

- Slalom
- Giant Slalom
- Super Giant Slalom (Super G)

Category 3

- Slalom
- Giant Slalom
- Super Giant Slalom (Super G)

Category 4

- Slalom
- Giant Slalom
- Super Giant Slalom (Super G)

Registration

- An athlete may only compete in one category.
- An athlete may compete in up to three events (not including the time trial).
- · Sit-Down Skiers' events must register for Unassisted, Tethered or Assisted.
 - Sit-Down Skiers Skiers in Bi-Skis with stationary outriggers must be tethered.
- Stand-Up Skiers with support (tether, slider, etc.) must register for "With Support."

Divisioning

- Each category will be divisioned separately.
- Sit-Down Unassisted, Sit-Down Tethered, Sit-Down Assisted and Stand-up Skiers with Support categories will be divisioned separately.
- Divisions will be created using only ability level (not age or gender).

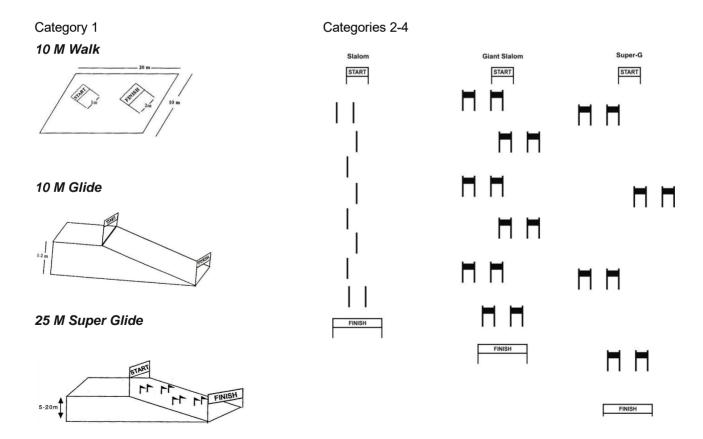
Equipment

- A helmet approved by the International Ski Federation (FIS) is required on all forerunners and competitors in official training and competition for all ability levels in all events. Soft ear protection is only permitted for helmets used in Slalom. All helmets must carry an approved tag (FIS sticker). Competitors without an approved tag will not be allowed to start. (FIS rule 707)
- Competitors must wear assigned bib in a position visible to officials at all times. The bib shall be worn over the athlete's head, so the number shows on both their front and back. The bib is attached with two anchors, one on the left, and the other on the right side of the athlete, connecting the front and back.

Competition Course Layout

Gates and Poles

- Super Glide
 - The Super Glide shall be set by alternating blue and red gates.
- Slalom
 - One slalom pole, the turning pole, shall be used to establish a slalom gate. A Single Pole Slalom has no outside pole except for the first and last gate.
- · Giant Slalom and Super-G
 - In Giant Slalom and Super-G, two sets of poles with a panel between constitute a gate.
- The first gate (or sets of gates) after the start should always be red.



Number of Gates

Event	Number of Gates
Category 2	
Slalom	5 to 15
Giant Slalom	5 to 15
Super G	5 to 12
Category 3 and Sit-down Skiers	
Slalom	15 to 30
Giant Slalom	15 to 30
Super G	10 to 20
Category 4	
Slalom	20 to 45
Giant Slalom	20 to 40
Super G	15 to 35

GENERAL RULES

- All athletes must complete a course inspection prior to each of their events.
- All athletes must complete a time trial during the scheduled time allotment.
- Finish time for both the Slalom and Giant Slalom competition is determined by the sum of two runs.
- Finish time for Super Giant Slalom is the result of one run.
- A disqualified racer may have a second run, but they will run at the end of their division.

RACE PROCEDURE

- For all Special Olympics alpine events at each ability level, the start command shall be as follows: "5, 4, 3, 2, 1. GO!" The timer begins when the skier's front boot crosses the start line, or when the electric timing wand is activated.
- Upon leaving the start line, athletes must pass the first gate as the course is set.
- Correct passage: A gate has been passed correctly when both the competitors' ski tips and both feet
 have passed across the gate line. If a competitor loses a ski without committing a fault (not by straddling
 a slalom pole), then the tip of the remaining ski and both feet must have passed the gate line. The start
 and finish lines are the same as a gate line.
- If a competitor removes a pole from its vertical position before both the competitors' ski tips and both
 feet have passed the gate line, the ski tips and feet must pass the original gate line (marking in the
 snow).
- The time stops when the competitor's front boot crosses the finish line.

Disqualification

In addition to failing to abide to the rules above, a competitor may be disqualified for the two-minute rule.

- Two-Minute Rule:
 - If the competitor moves out of the general direction of the line of the course (fall, miss a gate, lose a ski, etc.), he/she shall have 2 minutes from the time of the deviation to re-enter the course.

o A competitor who fails to adhere to this 2-minute time limit, or receives assistance of any kind, shall be disqualified. Disqualification is determined by the Gatekeeper assigned to the gate closest to where the infraction occurred, and the Gatekeeper is responsible for timing.